

# Socio-Demographic background

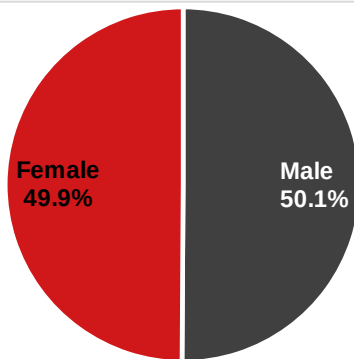


# Sample profile

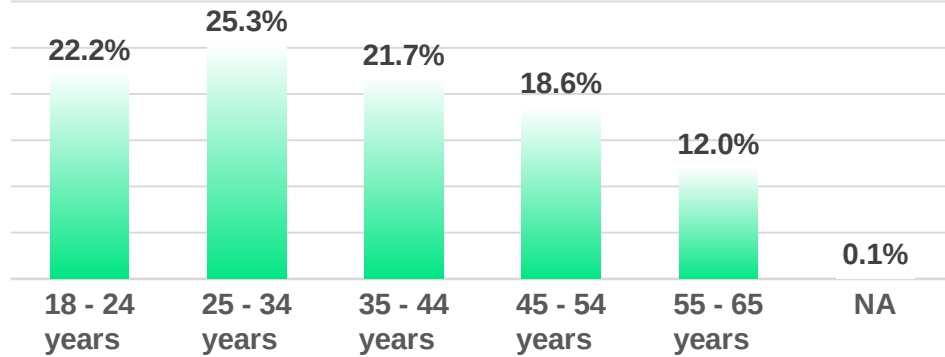
## ◆ Gender- Age

Base = Total Respondents

### Gender



### Age Distribution

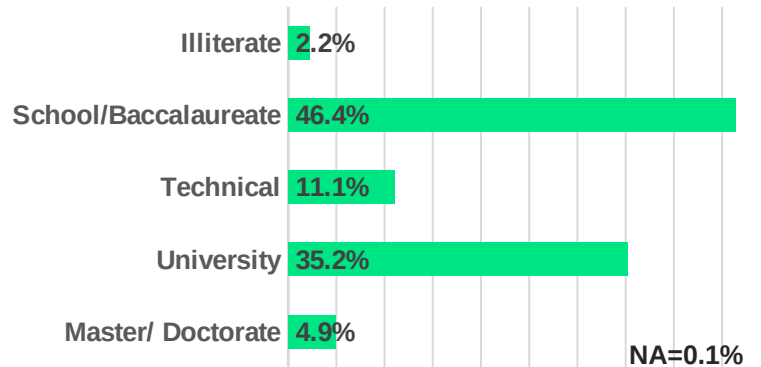


The sample has quotas on gender and age to represent the Lebanese population with a slight modification on the age brackets where the 55yrs+ one is decreased from 20% to 12% in order to target younger population.

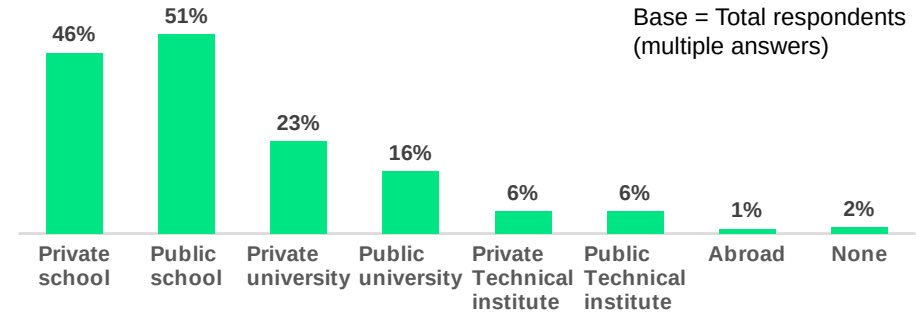
# Sample profile- Education per region

◆ *What is your level of education? From where did you get your degree/degrees?*

## Level of education



## Educational Institutions



The sample is mainly divided into 2 main categories, school graduates(46.4%) and university ones (35.2%).

Around 2.2% of the respondents are illiterate, 11.1% are in technical institute and 4.9% have higher education (Master/Doctorate).

Interestingly, around half of the respondents have been enrolled in public schools.

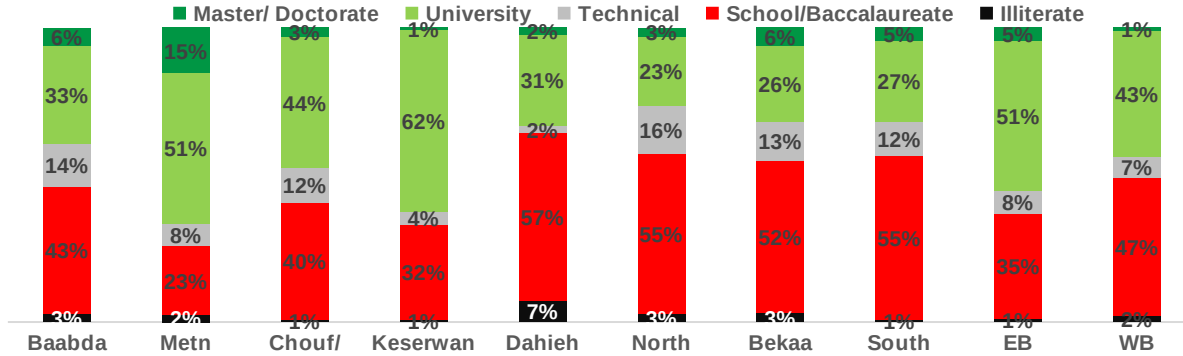
In total, respondents are more enrolled in private university(23%) than public ones (16%).

# Sample profile

◆ What is your level of education? From where did you get your degree/degrees?

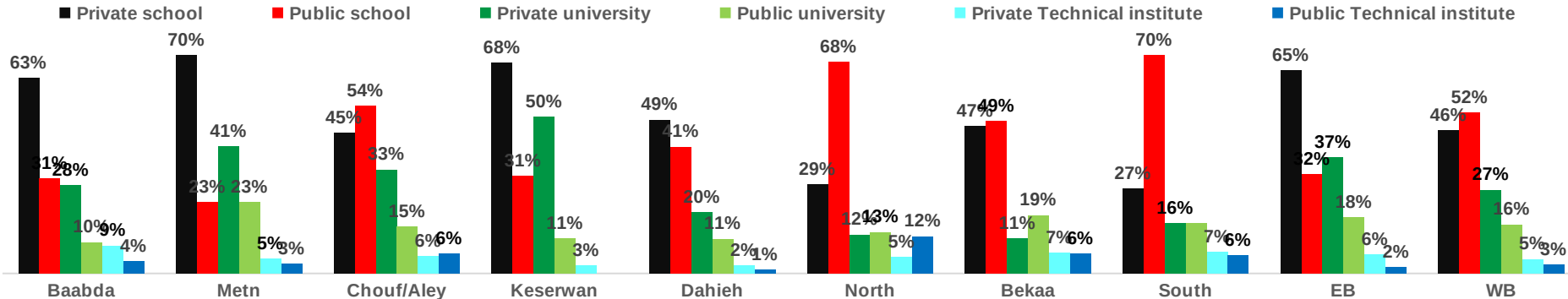
Base = Total Respondents

## Level of education



The level of education differs from one region to the other; while highest scores of university graduates are in Metn (66%) and in Keserwan (63%), lowest scores are in North (26%) followed by Dahieh (33%). Private school enrollment is the highest in Metn (70%), Keserwan (68%) and EB (65%); while more respondents are enrolled in Public ones in South (70%) and North (68%). Respondents in Metn, keserwan and EB are more enrolled in private universities than in public ones.

## Educational Institutions

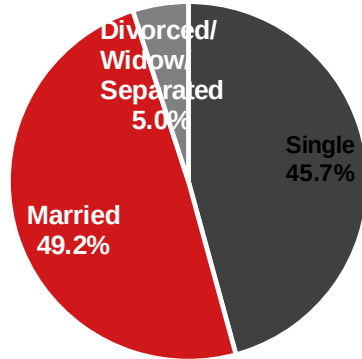


# Sample profile- Marital status, # of children and their education

- ◆ What is your marital Status? How many children do you have? Where are your children studying?

## Marital Status

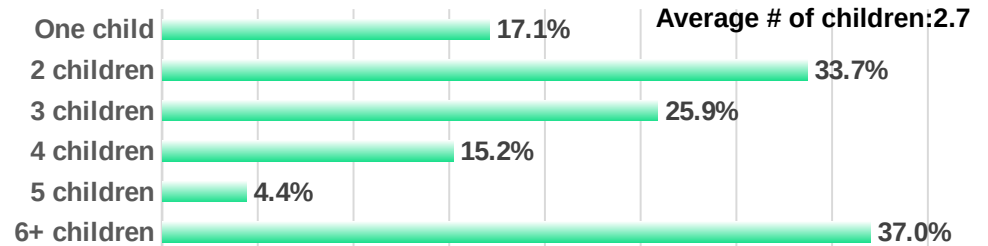
Base = Total Respondents



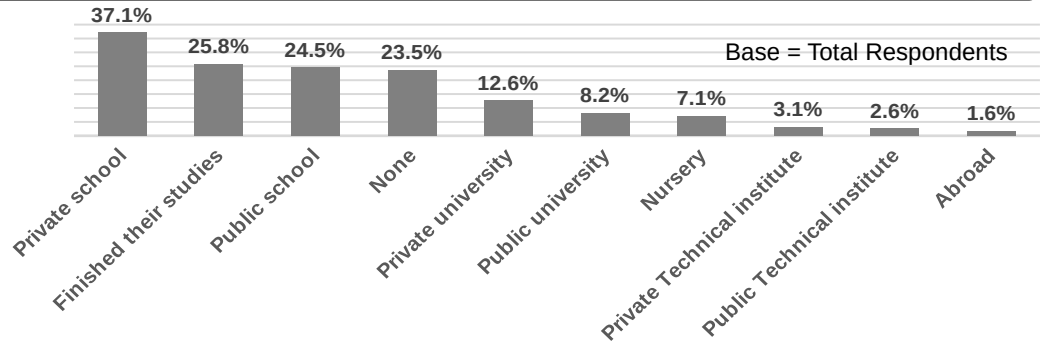
Around half of the sample is married with an average number of children equals to 2.7 (varying between regions from 2.3 in Beirut to 3.2 in North).

Around 37% of the sample state that they have kids in private schools vs around 25% in public ones. Around 20% of the sample have children studying at universities vs around 6% in technical institutes. Only 7% of the sample have kids in nurseries. Interestingly, near quarter of the sample has children not enrolled in any educational institute (reasons presented later)

## Number of children



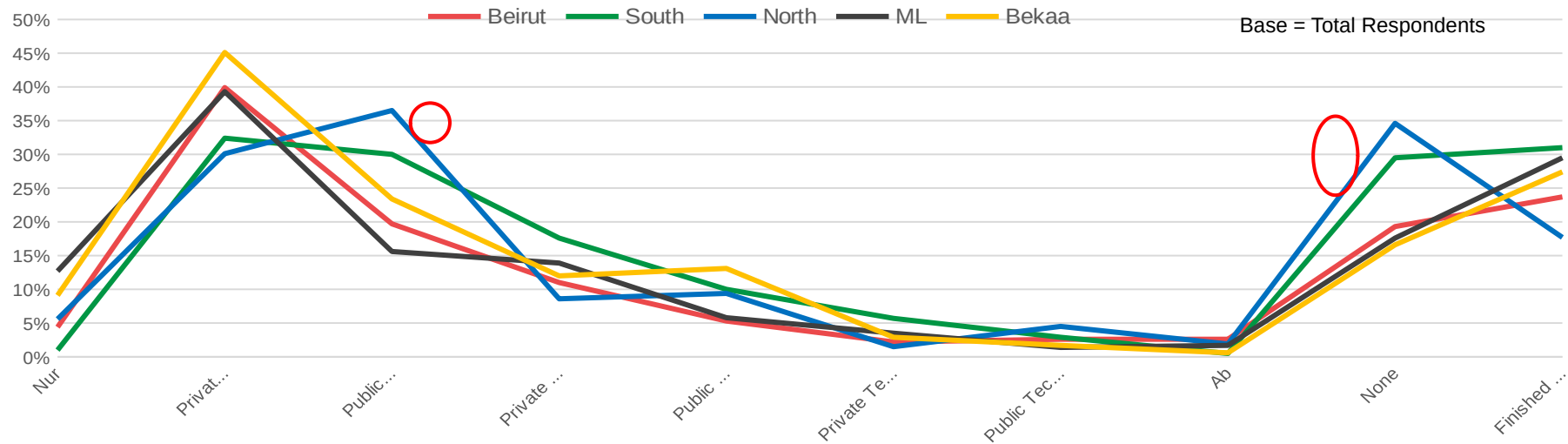
## Educational Institutions



# Sample profile- Children's education per region

◆ Where are your children studying?

## Educational Institutions per regions

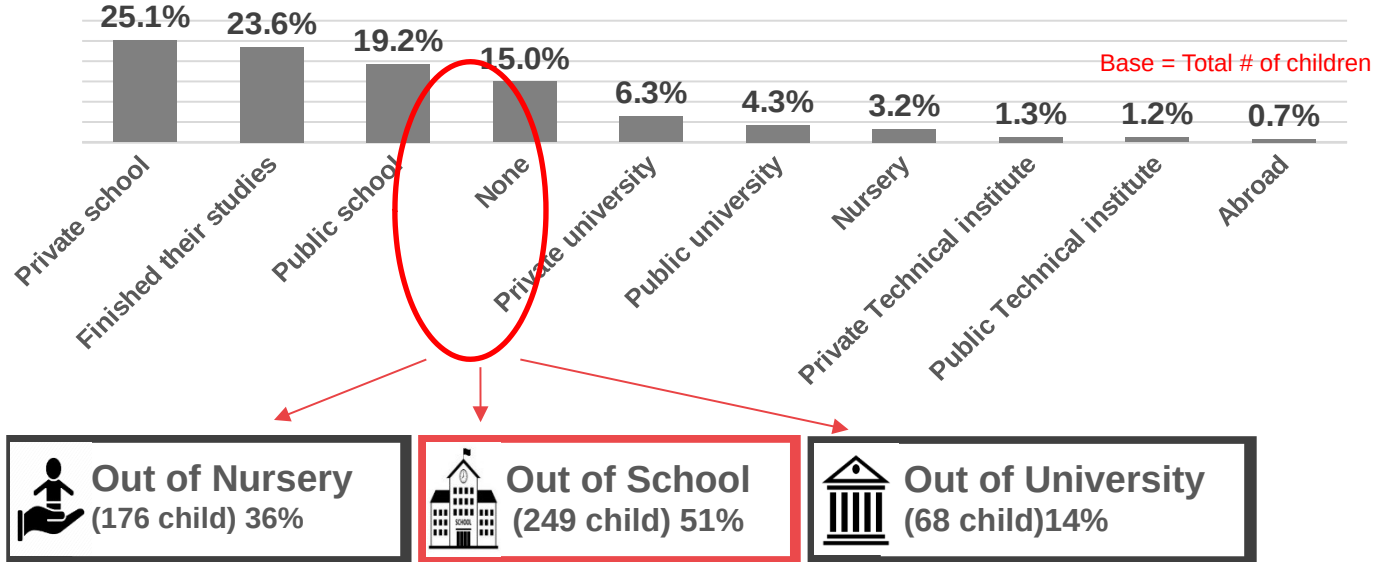


Clearly North results followed by South, exhibit less advantaged samples compared to other regions with a noticeable increase in public schools' enrollment and rate of out of school children.

# Sample profile- Children's education

- ◆ Where are your children studying?

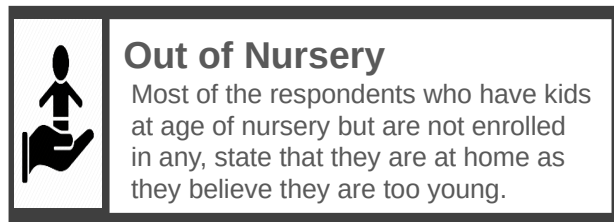
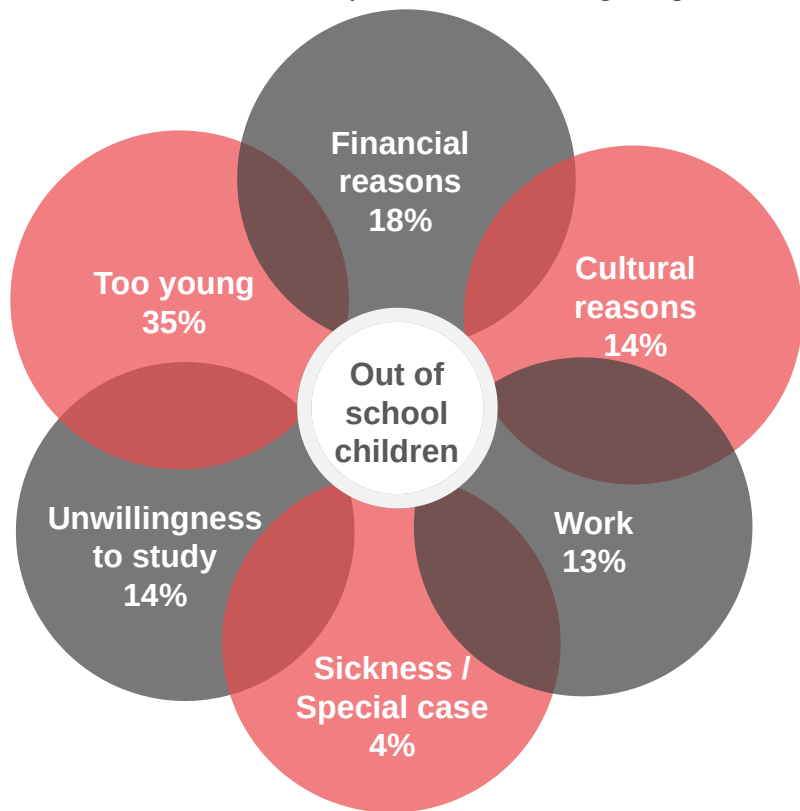
## Educational Institutions



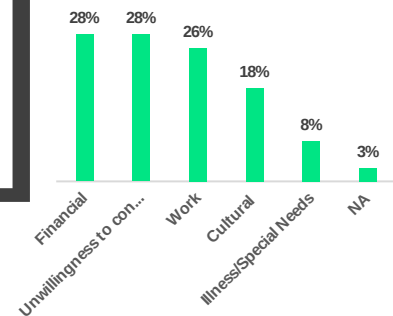
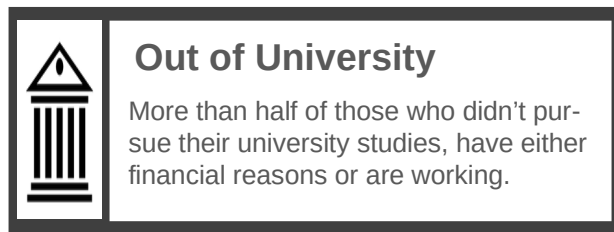
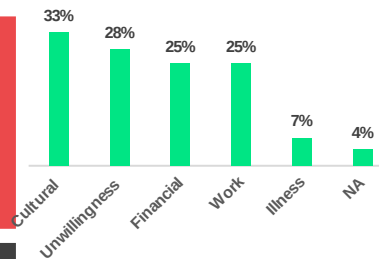
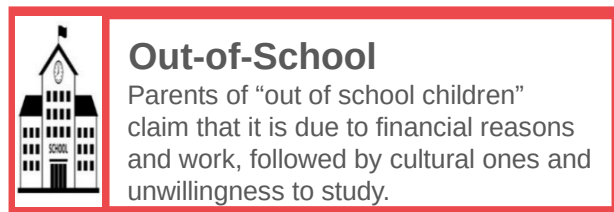
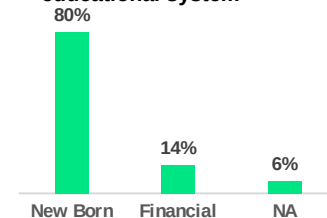
- ✓ Around quarter of the children in the sample are enrolled in private schools.
- ✓ Another quarter has finished studying while 19% are enrolled in public schools.
- ✓ 15% of the children in the sample are out of the educational system.
- ✓ Nearly half of them are in the age of school

# Sample profile- Out of school children & reasons behind

- You mentioned that you have children that should be but not enrolled at nursery, school or university, please specify their number and the reasons that prevent them from getting an education?



Reasons for being out of the educational system



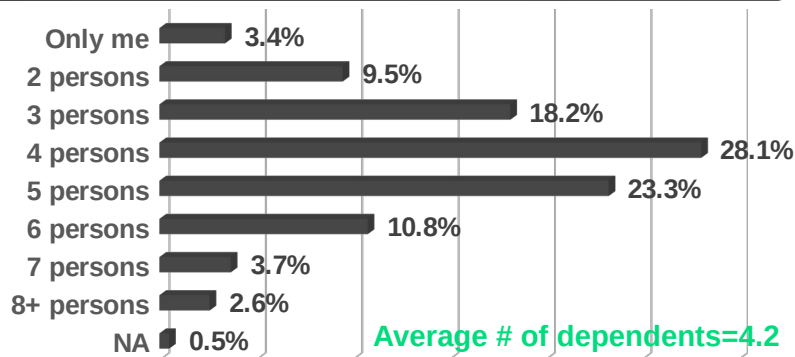
Base= Respondents who answered reasons having out of school children



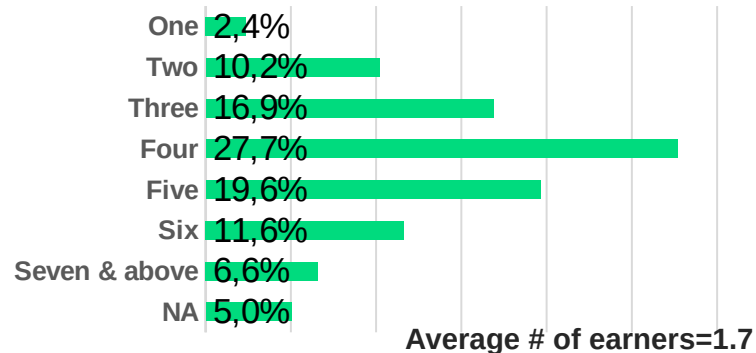
# Sample profile- Household size & earners' number

- ◆ In general, how many persons live permanently at home with you (you and your family)? How many earners do you have in your household including you (living in the household or outside it)?

## Number of dependents



## Number of earners



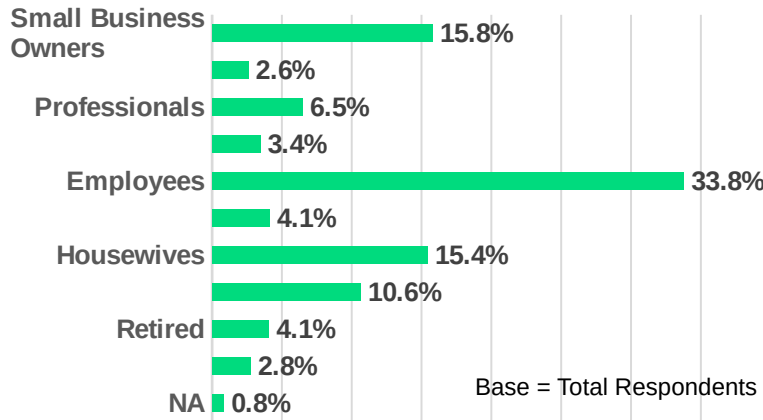
In general, the number of people living in one household is on average equal to 4.2. That differs among regions where the lowest is in Mount Lebanon (3.89) and the highest in North (4.74).

Regarding the number of earners, around 28% of the sample has four earners at home with a total average of 1.7 earners per household.

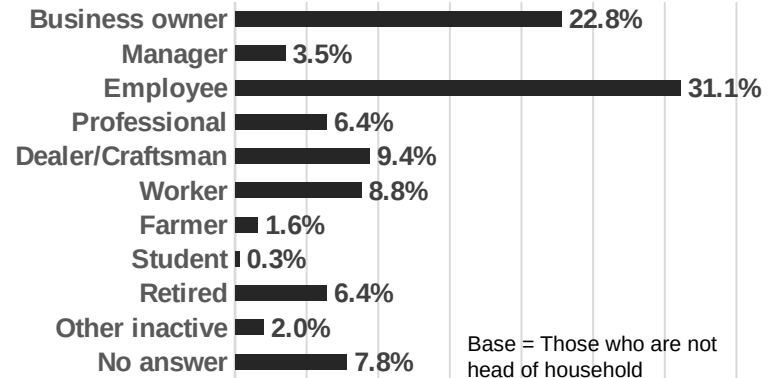
# Sample profile- Professional status

◆ Are you the head of household, that is, the one that earns the most at home? If yes, what is your profession? If not, what is the profession of the head of household?

## Professional Status of the respondent



## Professional Status of head of household



39.2% of respondents are head of households

Nearly one third of the sample is employees followed by small business owners (15.8%), housewives (15.4%) and students (10.6%).  
Around one third of the sample is inactive.

59% of respondents are not head of household

Similarly, around one third of the respondents who are not head of household state that their household's heads are employees followed by business owners (22.9%), while others are mainly distributed between dealers/craftsmen, workers and professionals.

# Sample profile- Working conditions

- ◆ Ask employees and managers: Are you a full time or part time employee? In average, how many hours you work per week? Do you work in private or public sector? As an employee, does the firm you work for provide you with a formal training?

**83%** of employees' respondents are full-timers.



Full-timer or  
part-timer



Professional  
training

Around **60%** of the employees' respondents don't receive any formal training while the others are trained regularly (**21%**) or rarely (**18%**).



Around **60%** work for more than **40hrs** per week, with nearly **40%** working more than **48hrs** per week.



Working  
hours

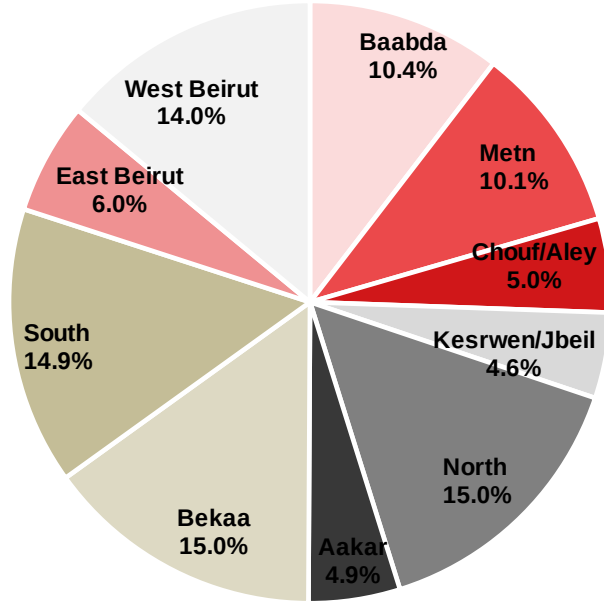


Private or Pub-  
lic sector

Around **80%** of the employees' respondents work in private sector vs **20%** in public.

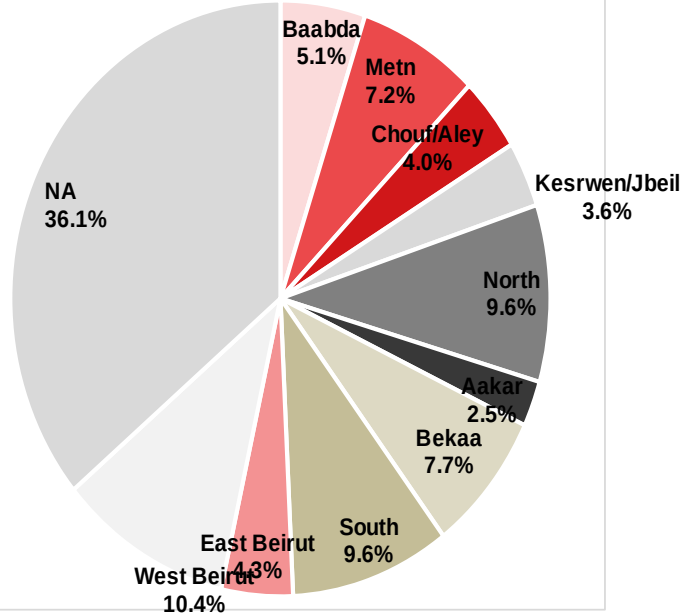
# Sample profile- Regional distribution

◆ What is your place of work? What is your place of residence?



Place of residence

Base = Total Respondents



Place of work

Base = Total respondents

The sample is regionally spread according to a quota put on the place of residence and respecting the national distribution of the population